Category 2: Industry Excellence in Consulting, Research or Education

#### SPA Foamed Bitumen VOC Process

Scott Young Stabilised Pavements of Australia



#### 2023 AustStab Awards of Excellence



## Overview of Initiative





Working with hot bitumen can have disastrous effects if not well understood or respected. Add in the complexity of a multi million dollar stabilising machine and the importance of an individual to have adequate skills to safely operate one becomes one of the most important VOC's a person can obtain in the field of pavement stabilisation.



## **VOC Description**

Operators of mobile plant in Australia must possess a verification of competency (VOC) to validate that they have a minimum standard of skill, understanding and safe operating ability to operate a particular piece of plant. For stabilising machines and in particular those required to conduct foamed bitumen operations, there is a national VOC titled, 'RIISS00050 Operator of Stabiliser (using foam bitumen) Skill Set'. Within this program there are 6 units or modules that an operator is required to complete to be deemed 'competent'. They include working safely around bitumen, plant support, communication, operating a stabiliser, use of power tools and general workplace safety.

SPA has developed its own VOC program that not only covers the minimum requirements of the national VOC program under RIISS00050, but goes over and beyond with the intent to provide significantly increased skills around machine operation and working safely around bitumen. SPA's foamed bitumen VOC program consists of four fundamental modules, being:

- 1) Classroom based training.
- 2) Completion of AfPA's online 'Be Bitumen Safe' training module.
- 3) An onsite practical assessment.

A theory assessment.



## **VOC Description**

The classroom based training is designed to introduce an already competent stabiliser operator to the world of foamed bitumen. It takes 5-6 hours to complete and currently comprises 110 slides. Some of the content a participant is exposed to includes:

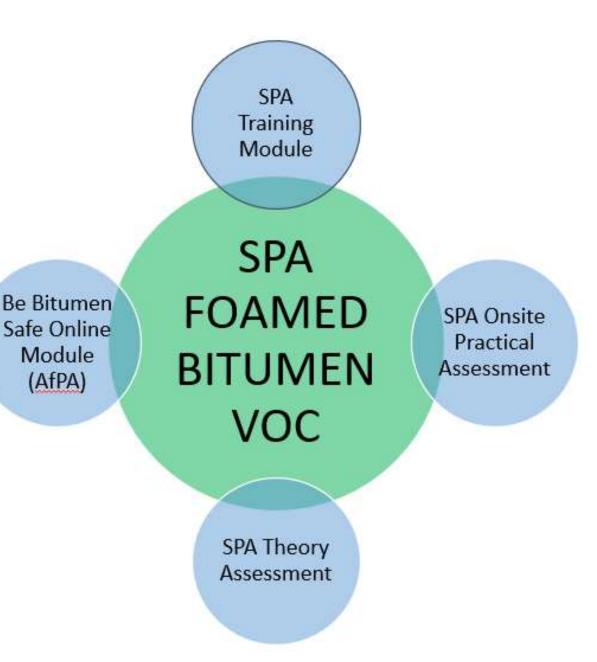
- Theory of Foamed Bitumen
- Safety Aspects
- Operational Procedures
- QA Aspects
- Assessment (theory)
- Assessment Review

Of particular note is the extremely detailed information provided by SPA's internal trainers on the operational procedures to ensure operators have a complete understanding of foamed bitumen operations. Participants are exposed to machine components, prestart flow test, run up and run down procedures, adding foaming agent procedures, mixer/tanker connection and disconnection procedures, mixer operations procedure and a troubleshooting guide.

SPA's ambition to build and maintain quality roads safely is empowered by the generation of these VOC programs that provide employees with a greater level of detail than any national program, based off sound industry experience.



#### SPA VOC Process











Code	Title	Usage Recommendation	Essential	
RIIWHS201E	Work safely and follow WHS policies and procedures	Current	N/A	
RIICBS203E	Safely handle bituminous materials	Current	N/A	
RIISAM203E	Use hand and power tools	Current	N/A	
RIICRC309E	Conduct stabiliser operations	Current	N/A	
RIICOM201E	Communicate in the workplace	Current	N/A	
RIICCM206E	Support plant operations	Current	N/A	

The national foamed bitumen VOC has 6 modules. The safety related module is the same as what SPA delivers with the AfPA Be Bitumen Safe training pre-requisite forming part of that module.





Australian Government	
RIICRC309E Conduct stabiliser operations	
Releme: 1	

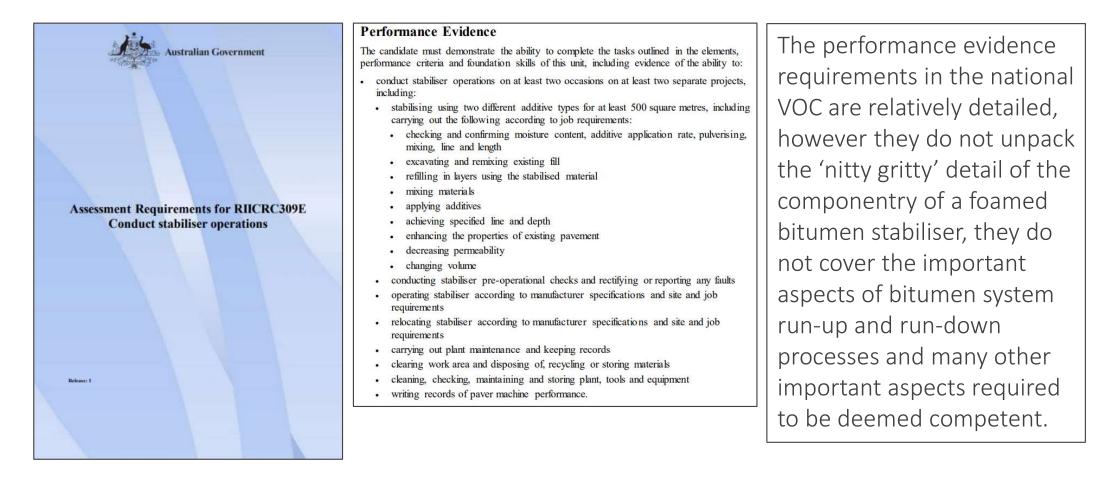
3. Operate stabiliser	3.1 Identify site hazards associated with stabiliser operations and implement the requirements, controls to minimise risks
	3.2 Identify and apply operating techniques to specified output and tolerances according to manufacturer specifications and site and job requirements
	3.3 Monitor and confirm operation of stabiliser against job requirements
	3.4 Operate stabiliser according to manufacturer specifications and site and job requirements
	3.5 Monitor movements and hazards and identify and communicate changes to work environment according to site requirements

This module is quite generic.

SPA's equivalent requires a foamed bitumen operator to have already been deemed competent in operation of stabilisers performing non-foamed bitumen works.



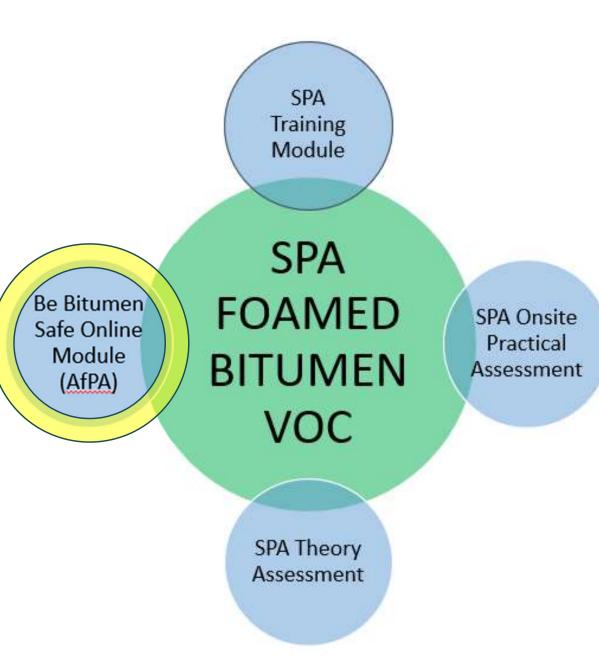






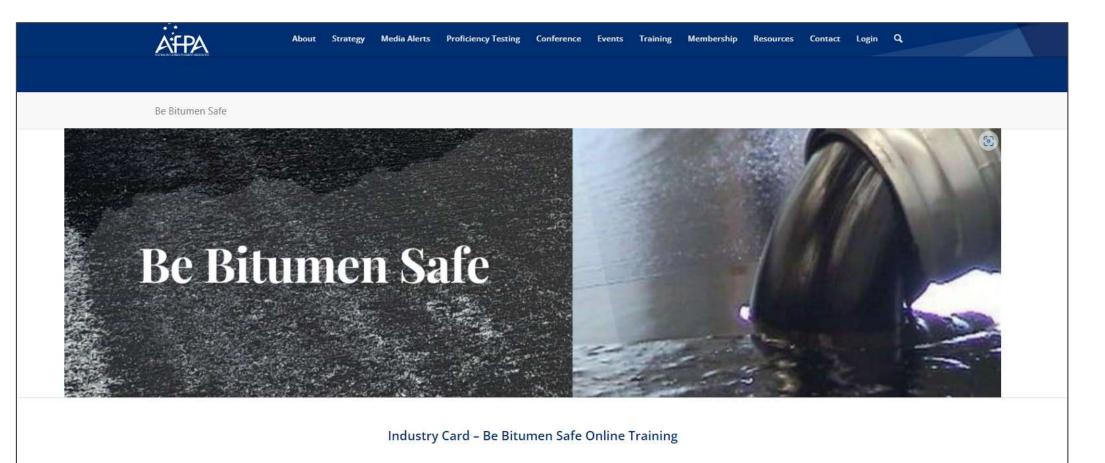


#### SPA VOC Process





## Working with Hot Bitumen





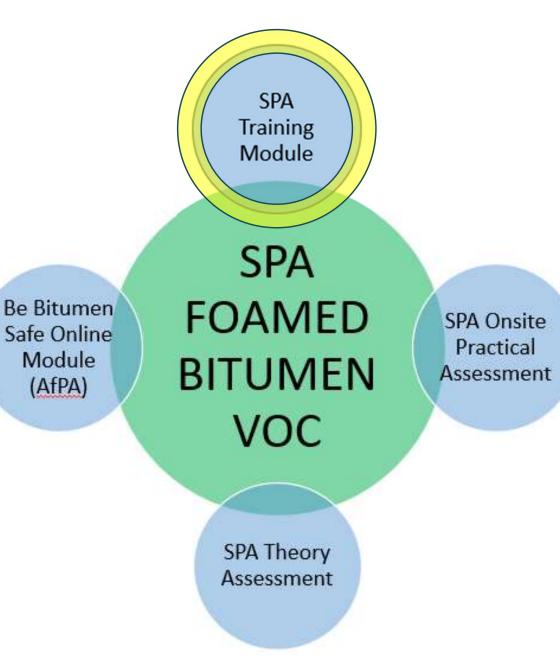
#### Working with Hot Bitumen



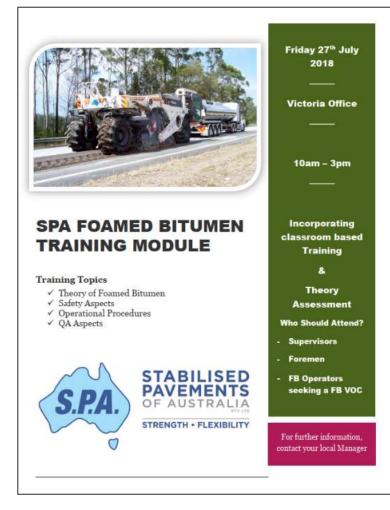
SPA invests heavily in the 'Be Bitumen Safe' online training module. This is a mandatory requirement for any operator wishing to be deemed competent in foamed bitumen operations.



#### SPA VOC Process

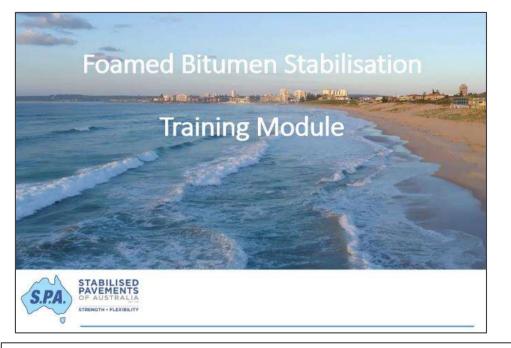






SPA's foamed bitumen training module is the classroom style module that exposes operators to a variety of elements relating to foamed bitumen. Due to the time required to undertake this module, careful planning is often required to set up these sessions, usually with small groups of employees.







As you can see, SPA's foamed bitumen training module is delivered over a 5-6 hour window. It is usually delivered by 1 or 2 internal trainers/managers.

The 'theory' element of this module is similar to the foamed bitumen content contained within the CPEE/AustStab Stabilisation Fundamentals training package.

The 'Safety Aspects' covers the same requirements set out in the national VOC process.

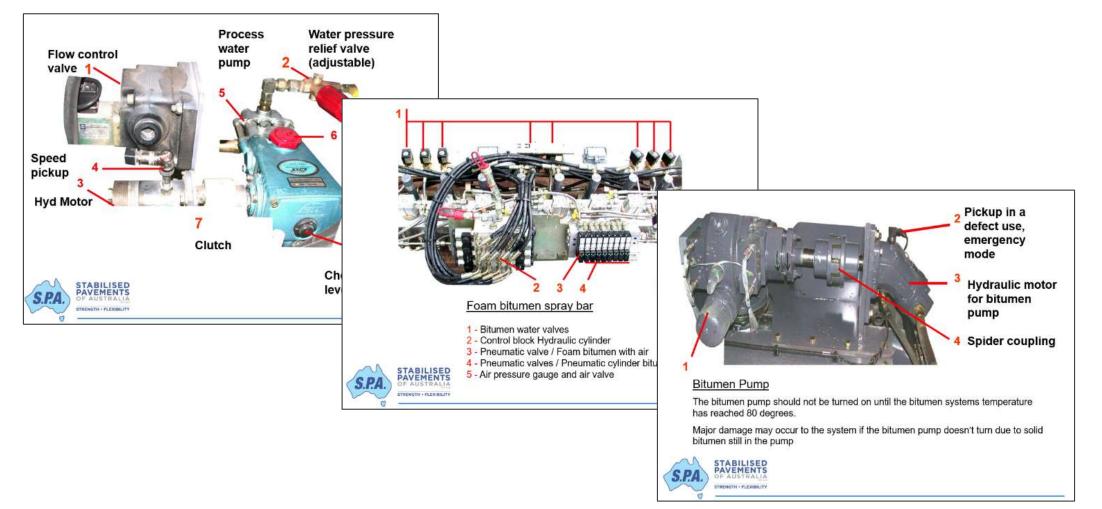






The 'Operational Procedures' element of this module is the most detailed and is where the most differentiation between SPA's VOC process and the national process occurs.





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Pavement Recycling and Stabilisation Association



The 'QA Aspects' is equally important to ensure competent operators can actually deliver specification compliant work in the field.



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	#		Unit	Calculation		A		22-03			2222		D
	R1	Time of stabilisation	Hrs						_				
	R2	Weather	12-22										
	R3	Air Temperature, Shade	°C										
	R4	Pavement Temperature, 50mm below surface	°C										
	R5	Starting Point of Run	km						1				
c	R6	Finishing Point of Run	km										
natio	R7	Length	m										
nforn	R8	Width	m										
Pre-Stabilisation Information	R9	Area	m²	R7 x R8									
olisat	R10	Total area of the lot	m²	R9(A+B+C+E	9		144						
-Stat	R11	Depth	mm										
Pre	R12	Nominated density of material to be stabilised	t/m <sup>3</sup>										
	R13	Expansion Ratio	125	T153									
	R14	Half Life	Sec	T153									
	R15	Design bitumen application rate by mass	kg/m <sup>2</sup>	R76** Table R76 / E.2	200								
	R16	Density of bitumen at 15°C	kg/Litres at 15°C	1.04					Î				-
	R17	Bitumen target application rate by volume at 15°C	Litre/m <sup>2</sup>	R15/R16	Î								
	R18	Tanker temperature at start of run	°C										
LO	R19	Tanker temperature at end of the run	°C										
Stabilisation	R20	Average tanker temperature	°C	(R18+R19)/	2				ĺ				
	R21	Temperature correction factor		Table 1	1								
during	R22	Bitumen target application rate by volume at field temperature	Litre/m <sup>2</sup>	R17 x R21			0		8				

#### **Examples**

Example 3. Checking quantity of bitumen delivered

Tanker Weighbridge docket	21.7 T
Dipstick reading on arrival	23,400 L
Temperature on arrival	184°C
Generally, 1T of bitumen	= 971L at 15°C
Volume delivered (at 15°C)	= 971 x 21.7
	= 21,071 L

To check the quantity delivered against the dipstick reading, correct the above volume to 184°C.

Volume correction factor is 0.8979 Volume at 184°C

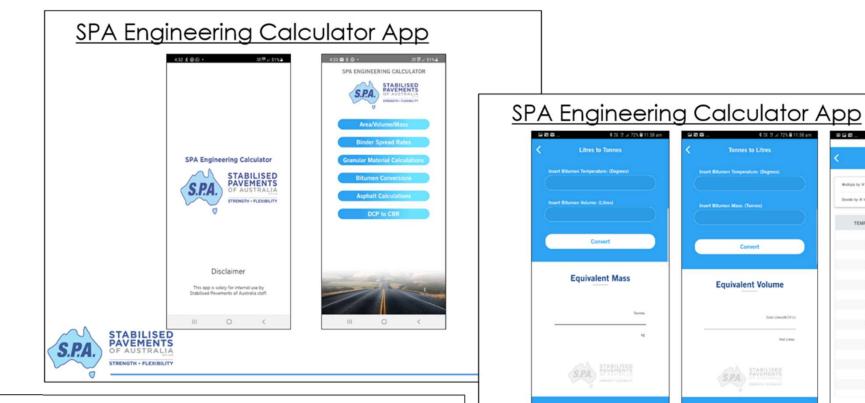
= 21,071 / 0.8979 = 23,467 L

(This correlates well with the dipstick reading of 23,400 L)



Performing multiple calculations, conversions and compliance checks can take time to master and requires a pragmatic approach to train operators.





STABILISED PAVEMENTS

RENGTH . FLEXIBILITY

Some SPA operators prefer to use SPA's Engineering Calculator App that provides user friendly support to change from litres to tonnes or vice versa at any temperature.

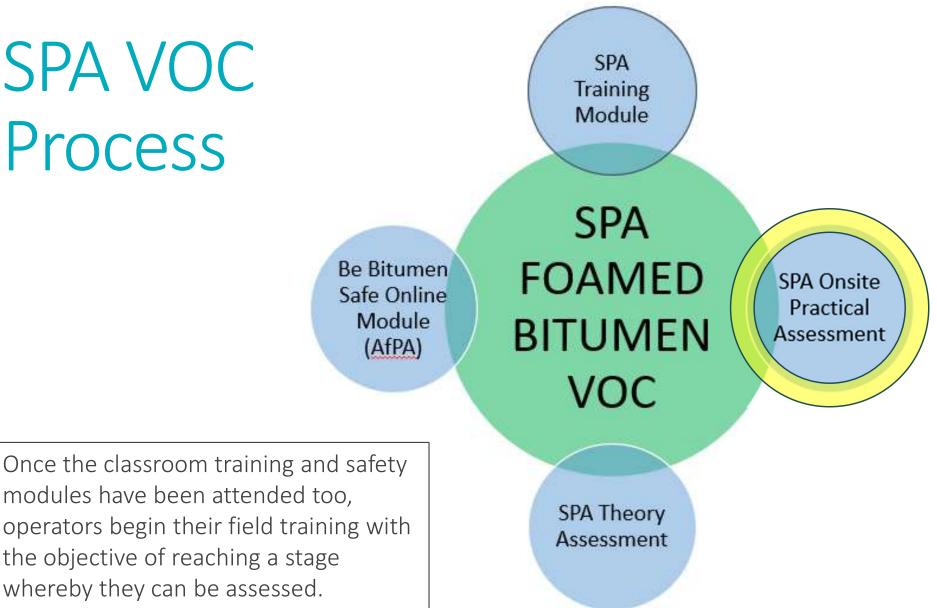
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Jolume Conversion

0.9788 0.9782 0.9776 0.9769 0.9763

## SPA VOC Process



modules have been attended too, operators begin their field training with the objective of reaching a stage whereby they can be assessed.



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≡ Stabilised Pav SAVE SUBM	≡ Stabilised Pav SAVE SUBM	$\equiv$ Stabilised Pav <sub>SAVE SUBM</sub> $\equiv$ Stabilised Pav <sub>SAVE SUBM</sub>
Title: 502 - Operator Training Log Show Details Training Log ~ Operator Name Date	Specific Tasks Undertaken  Operate Plant  Plant Maintenance Run Up  Plant Maintenance Run Down Greasing Rotor Maintenance (teeth and blocks)	<ul> <li>Mixer - Mix along gutters/structure</li> <li>Mixer - Mix on blind</li> <li>Mixer - Lift up over culvert/services</li> <li>Mixer - Overlap runs</li> <li>Spreader - Pump in binder</li> <li>Spreader - Spread on blind</li> <li>Spreader - Spread on blind</li> <li>Spreader - Spread on blind</li> </ul>
Site	<ul> <li>Wash out/wash down</li> <li>Refuelling</li> <li>Load tippers with product</li> </ul>	maintenance     Spreader - Product stop/start     over culverts/services
Plant Description Foamed Bitumen Stabiliser   Hours Operating Plant (Only operating)	<ul> <li>Broom pavement activities</li> <li>Product density checks</li> <li>Product usage calculations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Profiler - Pre milling/pulverisation</li> <li>Profiler - Lift up and over culverts / services</li> <li>Trainer / Supervisor Name</li> </ul>
Plant Maintenance Hours (Run up/run down, DPIS, maintenance, refuelling, etc)	<ul> <li>Mixer - Dry mix</li> <li>Mixer - Hook up to water cart</li> <li>Mixer - Wet mixing</li> </ul>	Profiler - Trim to levels     Sign     Clear       Water cart - Hydrant fill
III O <	III O <	III O < III O <

When an operator begins learning operation of the foamed bitumen stabiliser in the field, they are required to log their hours electronically. A minimum of 40 hours is required before a gate is opened to inform a trainer that the operator is potentially ready to undergo an assessment. A trainer will only proceed to the assessment phase when there is clear evidence that the operator has been logging hours in each of the 'ticked' boxes shown and therefore has been exposed to a wide variety of field operational situations.



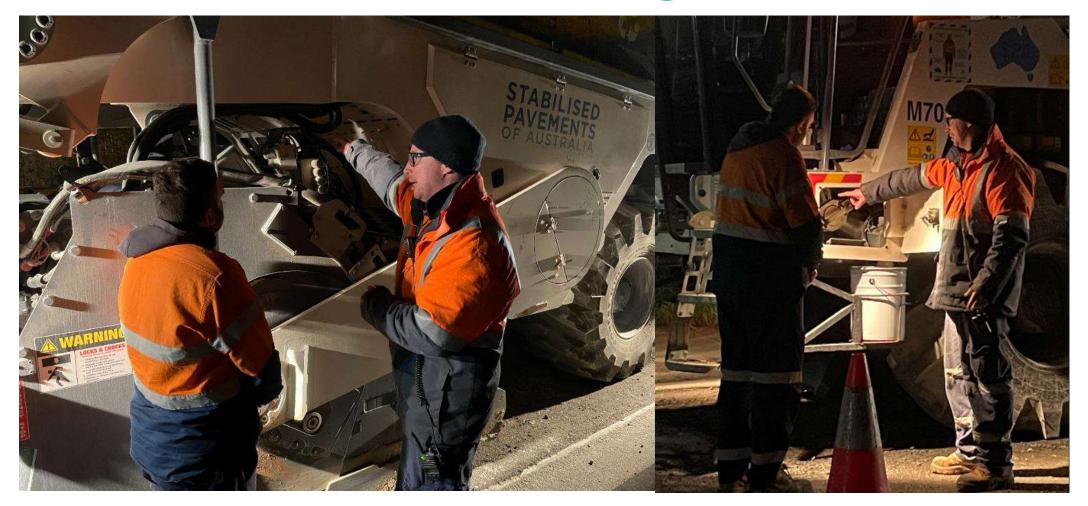


Practical training on foamed bitumen operations can be quite complex and detailed. Many screens within the cab of a modern stabiliser require detailed explanations, and often more than once.

















Training session notes	
Is there any safety concerns during the session	Safe

Declin and I covered the importance of a correct run up and run down with foam bitumen

Declin and I covered the importance of a correct run up and run down with foam bitumen operations this included bitumen water filter clean bitumen jets not obstructed with materials a clean clear flow of all bitumen water jets and visually seeing this with both side doors off the bowl area once this is done

Any bitumen	mess clean	ing y up and u	ispose of confect	'y

Trainer		
TLA	kori.joseph 01.06.2023 09:33 AEST	
andidate		

declan payne 01.06.2023 09:33 AEST

Training notes are recorded by SPA's
internal trainers to provide evidence
of field based learning activities.



Safe
ones bitumen burns and
1

Chevy and I covered at the prestart the importance of bitumen exclusion zones bitumen burns and bitumen burns cards on site with correct course of actions if someone got burnt and the closest hospital if this happens and mentioned you must not be anywhere near the exclusion zone of 15 mtrs without correct ppe we also we t through foam bitumen calcs and formulas ,bucket test expansion ratio and half life , consistency, trouble shooting, run up run down , what too look for when foam materials is not foaming properly causing streaks and puggy materials within the mix

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	ra			e	Г
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1/1

kori.joseph 02.03.2023 10:09 AEDT Training notes are recorded by SPA's internal trainers to provide evidence of field based learning activities.





#### SPA's Practical Assessment



Practical assessments are only carried out by SPA internal trainers who have the appropriate train and assess qualifications, have a foamed bitumen VOC themselves and have had at least 5 years experience.



#### SPA VOC Process

The final module is the 'Theory

Assessment' this is where one of

consisting of over 30 questions.

require free text responses.

SPA's internal trainers provides the

operator with a theory examination

Some are multiple choice and many

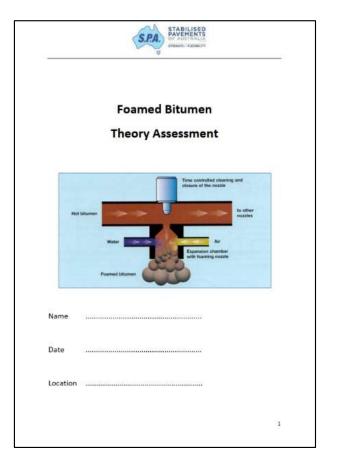
SPA Training Module SPA Be Bitumen FOAMED SPA Onsite Safe Online Practical Module BITUMEN Assessment VOC SPA Theory Assessment

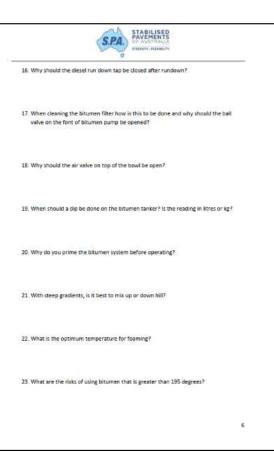
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(AfPA)



#### SPA's Theory Assessment





Calculate the bitumen volume (litres) for the above if the temperature is 175 degrees celcius. C170 Bitumen Tonnes to Litres x 971 at 15 degrees celcius. The conversion factor for 175 degrees celcius is 0.9031. 25m 900kg 50m 1800kg 75m 2700kg 100m 3600kg 125m 4500k 150m 5400kc 175m 6300kg 200m 7200kg 968, 1936, 2904, 3872, 4840, 5808, 6776, 7744 What is the maximum speed when conducting foamed bitumen operations? 10m per minute For best results, what should the bitumen pressure gauge read when operating? No more than 10bar On the operators display, should the pump selection switch be set on I. II or III On the display, what does 1/1 an 1/2 mean? Full bar, half bar for water jets Why should you conduct a bitumen test spray before operations begin? To make sure the lines are primed and clear of kero or slugs Why should you bleed the bitumen water system before operations begin? To clear air locks Why should the air valve on top of the mixing bowl be open? To ensure air is going into for the foaming process Foamed bitumen operations should not proceed when the air temperature measure in the shade is above what?



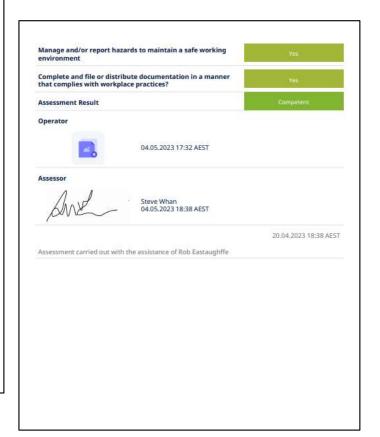
#### SPA's Theory Assessment



C2DM6 - Stabiliser Level 6 Foamed Bitumen Practical Assessment

latthew Polglase-V	Vills / C2DM6 p	practical		Complet
Score	100%	Flagged items	0 Actions	0
Document No.				000001
Employee Name/VOC Number and Description		Matthew Polglase-Wills C2DM6 practica		
Client				RDH
Conducted on		20.04.2023 18:28 AEST		
Prepared by				Steve Whan
Location			(-28.	6 Gillam Rd eraldton WA 6530 Australia 77852472460273, 59735550828688)
Employee presen	t at pre start	meeting		

Identify site hazards associated with stabiliser operations and implement the requirements, controls to minimise risks?	Yes
Uses a range of communication techniques and equipment essential to the safe completion of work activity, including hand, audible and other signals?	Yes
Has the operator checked that the bitumen tanker has bought the correct type of bitumen and weight? (Docket checked)	Yes
Have 25m intervals been marked out to follow for the bitumen usage?	Yes
Has the operator filled out the Bitumen Daily Running Sheet and also loaded with foreman for double checking figures?	Yes
Both Rob Eastaughffe and Matt had a very good rapport with each other d each run. Very pleasing	ouble checking after
Did the operator wait until the heaters reached 80 degrees celcius before turning the bitumen pump on?	Yes
Operator waited for the bitumen to flow to the machine under gravity pressure up to the bitumen pump before turning it on?	Yes
Test squirt was conducted several meters inside the start line and checked for foaming?	Yes
Checking and confirming moisture content, additive application rate, stabilisation area and stabilisation depth?	Yes
Successfully conducted stabilisation line on blind side?	Ves
Identify and apply operating techniques to specified output and tolerances according to manufacturer specifications, site and job requirements?	Yes
Monitor and confirm operation of stabiliser against job requirements?	Yes
Identify faults or defects and rectify or report within scope of own responsibility and according to workplace procedures?	Yes
Can operate close without causing damage to any assets located within or around sites?	Yes
Perform work activities within the operating capabilities of the equipment?	Yes
Was a consistent speed achieved without exceeding 10 meters per minute?	Yes





#### SPA's Theory Assessment

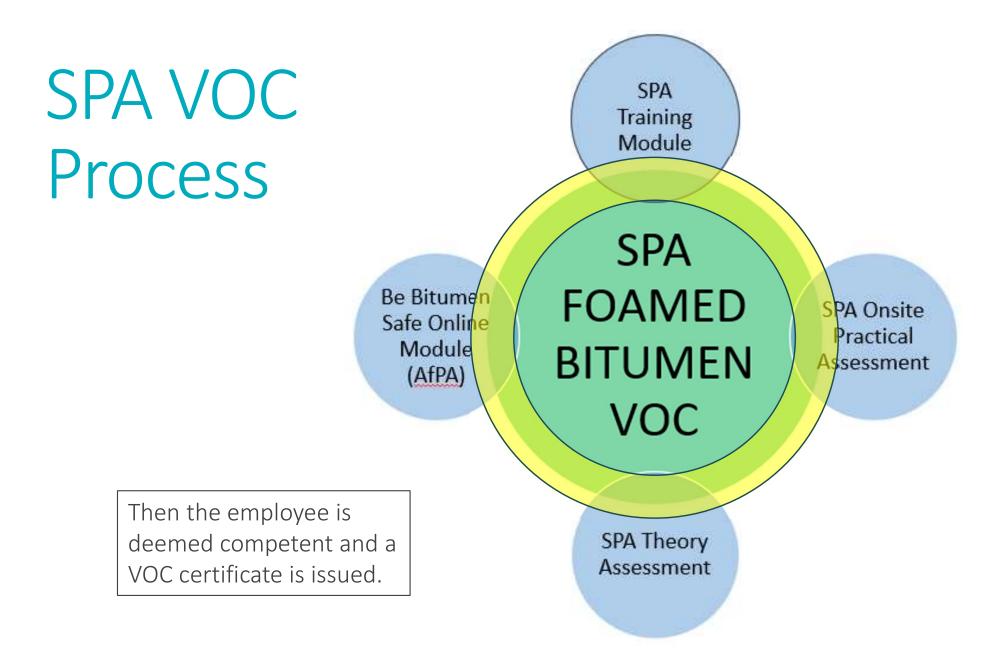
S.P.A.			
PA VOC S	ign Off Form		
latthew Polglase	e-Wills		Complete
Score	100% Flagged items	0 Actions	0
Candidates Nar	ne	Matthew	Polglase-Wills
Company's nan	ne		S.P.A
Conducted on		20.04.2023 18:27 AEST	
Prepared by			Steve Whan
Location		Geral (-28.778	81 Marine Tce dton WA 6530 Australia 66426126804, 24653286182)

Theory assessment		Competent
Practical assessment	Competent	
Operators training log	Satisfactory Competent	
Assessment results		
Picture		
Comments		
Trainer	Steve Whan 04.05.2023 16:45 AEST	
operator	Matthew Polglase-Wills 04.05.2023 16:46 AEST	

When the trainer is satisfied that the operator has successfully completed all modules of SPA's foamed bitumen VOC process, a joint sign off form is compiled to evidence this milestone.









# OF COMPLETION



This is to certify that Matthew Polglase-Wills

has been verified as competent in C2DM6 - Stabiliser Level 6 Foamed Bitumen Date of Completion: 20/04/2023

Certificate valid for 3 years from date of completion

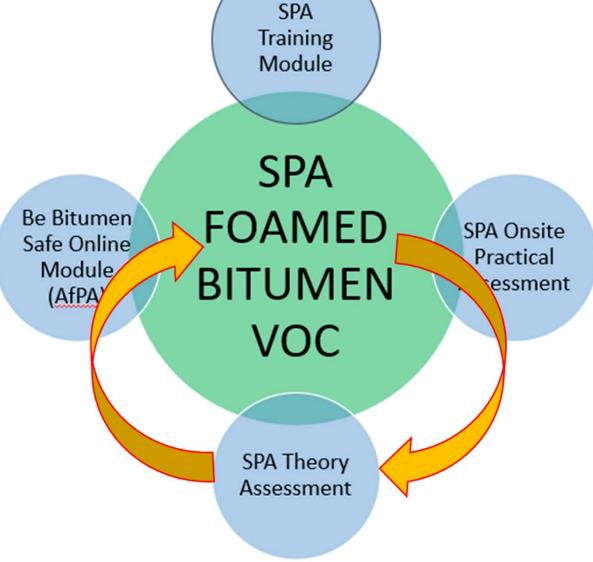
SCOTT YOUNG Training Manager





## SPA VOC Process

Once an employee has been deemed competent, their VOC expires after 3 years, at which time they have to be reassessed to ensure they maintain the theoretical aspects and have continued to 'clock up' time operating the foamed bitumen equipment.



**Every 3 Years** 

