#### Category 1: Work Health and Safety

#### No Reversing Insitu Recycling

David Berg & Jason Parrish Stabilised Pavements of Australia



2021 AustStab Awards of Excellence

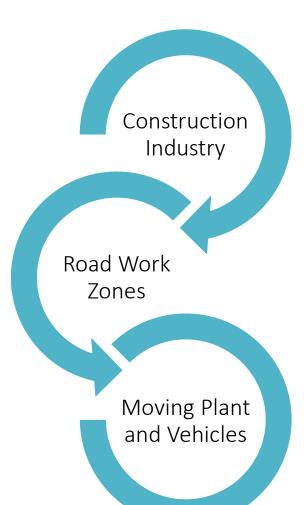




- The Construction Industry is a hazardous industry to work in and risks can be extreme, ranking third most highest fatalities behind the Agriculture Industry and Transport Industry

  (Safe Work Australia, Work-related Traumatic Injury Fatalities, Australia, 2019)
- Road rehabilitation and construction sites pose a great risk to workers from moving plant and vehicles
- Road work zones are where vehicular traffic, moving plant and road workers share space or are in close proximity
- Let's look at some Australian statistics for some evidential context...

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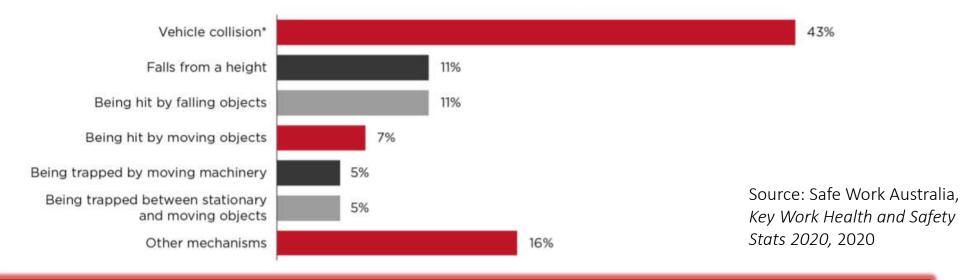




**Key WHS statistics Australia 2020** Work-related injury fatalities



#### Worker fatalities by mechanism of incident, 2019



\*vehicle collisions include fatalities that occurred as a direct result of a vehicle crash. Vehicles include not only road vehicles such as cars and trucks, but also machines such as aircraft, boats, loaders, tractors and quad bikes.







**Key WHS statistics Australia 2020** Work-related injury fatalities



Worker fatalities by occupation, 2019



Machinery operators and drivers

fatalities per 100,000 workers





Source: Safe Work Australia, Key Work Health and Safety Stats 2020, 2020







Table 8: Fatalities: percentage by industry group classes and mechanism of incident, 2002-03 to 2013-14 combined

Industry group classes	Falls from a height	Vehicle incident	Contact with electricity	Hit by falling objects	Hit by moving objects	Other mechanisms	Total
Site preparation services	6%	17%	1%	19%	20%	36%	100%
Electrical services	22%	20%	53%	0%	2%	4%	100%
House construction	49%	11%	11%	19%	0%	11%	100%
Road & bridge construction	6%	26%	0%	9%	41%	18%	100%
Non-residential building construction	35%	19%	4%	23%	4%	15%	100%
Painting & decorating services	71%	5%	10%	0%	5%	10%	100%
Plumbing services	52%	14%	24%	5%	5%	0%	100%
Concreting services	20%	15%	10%	20%	10%	25%	100%
Roofing services	75%	0%	25%	0%	0%	0%	100%
Landscape construction services	0%	36%	18%	9%	18%	18%	100%
Other industry group classes	30%	15%	14%	12%	11%	18%	100%

Source: Safe Work Australia, Key Work Health and Safety Stats 2020, 2020

Note: Vehicles not only include road vehicles such as cars and trucks, but also machines.





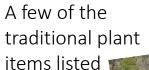


Description of traditional insitu recycling workplace environment

- Types of plant that are typically present in the workplace during traditional insitu recycling operations
  - Spreader
  - Stabiliser/Reclaimer/Mixer
  - Watercart
  - Padfoot Roller
  - Smooth Drum Roller
  - Multi Tyre Roller
  - Grader
  - Bitumen Tanker
  - Cement/Lime Tanker
  - Profiler
  - Light vehicles Present on all sites, not the focus of this initiative, which have arguably separate controls for reversing to those of plant for insitu recycling









Pavement Recycling and Stabilisation Association



## Description of traditional insitu recycling workplace environment

Except for when the watercart and/or bitumen tanker is connected to the stabiliser/reclaimer, all plant items are separate

Two pass mixing is required

Extra plant items to achieve compaction (padfoot roller)

Grader requires extensive reversing and forwards line-of-travel to shape bulked stabilised material









# New streamlined process - Improved workplace safety

- New process for insitu recycling Paver-Laid Insitu Recycling
- Alongside many impressive additions, it is ironically what this new method omits which is revolutionary – reversing plant on site
- All insitu recycling occurs in just one pass of the 'construction train'



Visual of the W380CR and the full construction train, which is forward-moving without reversing





### New streamlined process Improved workplace safety

- 'No Reversing Insitu Recycling' using this unique process is enabled by:
- The forward-moving construction train completing recycling operations in a single-pass, reducing the number of separate plant
- Wide working and paver-laid placement widths allow for high production and thorough mixing in one pass that would normally require multiple passes using conventional stabilisation
- Partially compacted material upon placement by the paver requires only one smooth drum roller for final compaction
- Use of a roller with swivel seat allows the driver to be positioned in the forward-facing direction at all times
- Paver-laid feature ensures controlled surface levels, eliminating the need for a grader







#### Key WHS improvements

- No reversing (with roller in multidirectional position)
- Less separate plant items on site (not less overall numbers of plant)
- Single-pass process significantly reduces number of passes back and forth along the worksite
- Less risk of plant and workers on foot collisions
- 'No Reversing Insitu Recycling' significantly improves Work Health and Safety by employing the highest level in the hierarchy of risk control – elimination – to address extreme risk rating hazards, specifically plant collisions and plant and Worker on Foot collisions

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